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## TRANSLATION OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT

The undersigned hereby certifies that he well knows both English and Japanese languages, and that the attached is an accurate translation into English of the certified copy(ies) of the following foreign patent application(s).

2000-17978 filed in Japan on January 25, 2000

Signed this 19<sup>th</sup> day of October, 2006.

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This is to certify that the annexed is a true copy of the following application as filed with this Office.

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**APPLICANT(S)** : Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd

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[DOCUMENT] SPECIFICATION

[TITLE OF THE INVENTION] METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR OUTPUTTING IMAGE DATA

[WHAT IS CLAIMED IS]

[Claim 1] An image data output apparatus for outputting to a second medium, which is a different type of medium than a first medium, image data recorded in the first medium received from a customer, the apparatus comprising:

a reader for reading out the image data recorded in the first medium;

an output unit for outputting the image data to the second medium;

a digital contents storage unit for storing digital contents to be stored in the first medium;

a selector for selecting from a plurality of said digital contents stored in said digital contents storage unit said digital contents to be provided to the customer based on a predetermined selection condition; and

a recorder for recording said selected digital contents in the first medium.

[Claim 2] The image data output apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first medium comprises a memory card in which the image data is recorded by a digital camera that records and plays the image data.

[Claim 3] The image data output apparatus as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein said digital contents comprises advertisement information to be provided to the customer in exchange for a discount of the service rate for outputting the image data from the first medium to the second medium.

[Claim 4] The image data output apparatus as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein said digital contents comprise pay digital data to be received by the customer.

[Claim 5] The image data output apparatus as claimed in anyone of claims 1 to 4, further comprising a customer information input unit for inputting information relating to the customer

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for reference, and said selector selects said digital contents by referring to said customer information.

[Claim 6] The image data output apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5, further comprising a customer condition storage unit for storing a condition relating to the customer as said predetermined selection condition, wherein said selector has a customer condition collator that selects said digital contents by collating said customer information with said customer condition.

[Claim 7] The image data output apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the image data includes accessory data showing the environment of which the image data is recorded in the first medium, the image data output apparatus further comprising:

an accessory data reader for reading said accessory data from the image data; and

a recording condition storage unit for storing a recording condition associating said recorded environment with a recording format of said digital contents,

wherein said selector comprises a recording condition collator for selecting said digital contents by collating said accessory data with said recording condition.

[Claim 8] The image data output apparatus as claimed in claim 7, wherein said accessory data relates to the type of digital camera that photographed the image data, and said recording condition defines a recording format to be played by said digital camera.

[Claim 9] The image data output apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 8, further comprising an available memory detector for detecting available memory of the first medium, wherein said digital contents selector selects said digital contents based on said detected available memory.

[Claim 10] The image data output apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 9, further comprising a data size storage unit for storing a data size of said digital contents, wherein

said selector has a size collator that selects said digital contents having a smaller data size than said available memory by collating said detected available memory of the first medium with said data size.

[Claim 11] The image data output apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 10, further comprising:

an after-treatment condition input unit for inputting an after-treatment condition showing whether or not to erase at least a part of the image data from the first medium after completing the reading of the image data from the first medium; and

an eraser for erasing at least a part of the image data from the first medium based on said after-treatment condition.

[Claim 12] The image data output apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 11, further comprising:

a display for displaying to the customer some of said digital contents as choices; and

an operation control for selecting desired digital contents for recording in the first medium from said digital contents displayed by said display.

[Claim 13] The image data output apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 12, further comprising a calculator for calculating a price of said digital contents recorded in the first medium based on said predetermined selection condition.

[Claim 14] The image data output apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 13, wherein the digital camera having a camera display for displaying some of said digital contents as choices and a camera operation control for selecting desired digital contents from said digital contents displays said digital contents on said camera display as said choices and records said digital contents by selecting with said camera operation control.

[Claim 15] A digital camera for recording image data in a first medium, and an image data output apparatus comprising an output unit for outputting the image data recorded in the first medium acquired from a customer to a second medium different

from the first medium and a recorder for selectively recording digital contents to be provided to the customer in the first medium, the digital camera comprising:

an information input unit for inputting by a user's operation information for the image data output apparatus to refer to when selecting said digital contents; and

a recorder for recording said information along with the image data in the first medium.

[Claim 16] A method for outputting image data comprising:

reading out the image data from a first medium that stores the image data, which is recorded and replayed by a digital camera;

outputting the image data to a second medium, which is a different type of medium than said first medium;

erasing at least a part of the image data after said reading step; and

recording advertisement information capable of being replayed by the digital camera in the first medium after said erasing step.

[DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION]

[0001]

[Technical Field of the Invention]

The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for outputting image data. In particular, the present invention relates to an apparatus for outputting image data recorded in a memory card to another medium.

[0002]

[Conventional Art]

In general, media conversions, such as printing image data on paper by reading out image data photographed by a digital camera from a memory card and re-recording data on another medium such as a CD-R, are conducted. Also, a media conversion service, which is undertaken by shops like photo shops conducting these kinds of media conversion, is widely known. For example, the Japanese Patent Application Laid-Open No. H11-109518 discloses an apparatus for receiving accessory data from a digital camera

such as the number of prints of photographed images and correctly performing a media conversion service. There are two methods for a media conversion service of this type. One is a method for a customer to conduct a media conversion by himself or herself. The other is a method for a person other than a customer, such as a sales clerk, to conduct a media conversion of a memory card received by a customer.

[0003]

In both methods, image data is read out from a memory card in which photographed image data has been recorded, but then the memory card is returned to the customer in the same state. Incidentally, even if photographed image data is recorded, the memory card usually has available memory. Moreover, when the read-out image data is no longer needed, the available memory of the memory card may be increased if the unnecessary data is deleted.

[0004]

[Problems to be solved by the Invention]

At photo shops, it is popular that publicity handouts made of a paper medium, which contains sales information or advertisements, are supplied with developed pictures when the developed pictures are returned to customers. However, when using a media conversion service according to the conventional art, it is difficult to unify the supplied publicity handouts made of a paper medium because the formats of media returned to customers are different. In particular, it is more difficult for a customer to receive publicity handouts when the customer himself or herself conducts a media conversion by operating a terminal.

[0005]

Moreover, if sales information or advertisements were digital data instead of a paper medium, advertisements may be able to be in forms of animations or music, thereby customers may receive publicity handouts in various forms.

[0006]

Therefore, it is an object of the present invention to provide a method and apparatus for outputting image data by taking advantage of the available memory of a memory card after a media conversion is conducted, which is capable of overcoming the above drawbacks accompanying the conventional art. The above and other objects can be achieved by combinations described in the independent claims. The dependent claims define further advantageous and exemplary combinations of the present invention.

[0007]

[Means for Achieving the Objects]

That is, according to the first aspect of the present invention, there is provided an image data output apparatus for outputting to a second medium, which is a different type of medium than a first medium, image data recorded in the first medium received from a customer. The apparatus includes: a reader for reading out the image data recorded in the first medium; an output unit for outputting the image data to the second medium; a digital contents storage unit for storing digital contents to be stored in the first medium; a selector for selecting from a plurality of the digital contents stored in the digital contents storage unit the digital contents to be provided to the customer based on a predetermined selection condition; and a recorder for recording the selected digital contents in the first medium.

[0008]

The first medium may include a memory card in which the image data is recorded by a digital camera that records and plays the image data.

[0009]

The digital contents may include advertisement information to be provided to the customer in exchange for a discount of the service rate for outputting the image data from the first medium to the second medium.

[0010]

The digital contents may include pay digital data to be

received by the customer.

[0011]

The image data output apparatus may further include a customer information input unit for inputting information relating to the customer for reference, and the selector selects the digital contents by referring to the customer information.

[0012]

The image data output apparatus may further include a customer condition storage unit for storing a condition relating to the customer as the predetermined selection condition, in which the selector may have a customer condition collator that selects the digital contents by collating the customer information with the customer condition.

[0013]

The image data may include accessory data showing the environment of which the image data is recorded in the first medium, the image data output apparatus may further include: an accessory data reader for reading the accessory data from the image data; and a recording condition storage unit for storing a recording condition associating the recorded environment with a recording format of the digital contents, in which the selector may include a recording condition collator for selecting the digital contents by collating the accessory data with the recording condition.

[0014]

The accessory data may relate to the type of digital camera that photographed the image data, and the recording condition may define a recording format to be played by the digital camera.

[0015]

The image data output apparatus may further include an available memory detector for detecting available memory of the first medium, in which the digital contents selector may select the digital contents based on the detected available memory.

[0016]

The image data output apparatus may further include a data

size storage unit for storing a data size of the digital contents, in which the selector may have a size collator that selects the digital contents having a smaller data size than the available memory by collating the detected available memory of the first medium with the data size.

[0017]

The image data output apparatus may further include: an after-treatment condition input unit for inputting an after-treatment condition showing whether or not to erase at least a part of the image data from the first medium after completing the reading of the image data from the first medium; and an eraser for erasing at least a part of the image data from the first medium based on the after-treatment condition.

[0018]

The image data output apparatus may further include: a display for displaying to the customer some of the digital contents as choices; and an operation control for selecting desired digital contents for recording in the first medium from the digital contents displayed by the display.

[0019]

The image data output apparatus may further include a calculator for calculating a price of the digital contents recorded in the first medium based on the predetermined selection condition.

[0020]

The digital camera having a camera display for displaying some of the digital contents as choices and a camera operation control for selecting desired digital contents from the digital contents may display the digital contents on the camera display as the choices and record the digital contents by selecting with the camera operation control.

[0021]

According to the second aspect of the present invention, there is provided a digital camera for recording image data in a first medium, and an image data output apparatus including

an output unit for outputting the image data recorded in the first medium acquired from a customer to a second medium different from the first medium and a recorder for selectively recording digital contents to be provided to the customer in the first medium. The digital camera includes: an information input unit for inputting by a user's operation information for the image data output apparatus to refer to when selecting the digital contents; and a recorder for recording the information along with the image data in the first medium.

[0022]

According to the third aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method for outputting image data. The method includes: reading out the image data from a first medium that stores the image data, which is recorded and replayed by a digital camera; outputting the image data to a second medium, which is a different type of medium than the first medium; erasing at least a part of the image data after the reading step; and recording advertisement information capable of being replayed by the digital camera in the first medium after the erasing step.

[0023]

The summary of the invention does not necessarily describe all necessary features of the present invention. The present invention may also be a sub-combination of the features described above.

[0024]

[The Embodiments of the Invention]

Hereinafter, the invention will now be described based on the preferred embodiments, which do not intend to limit the scope of the present invention, but exemplify the invention. All of the features and the combinations thereof described in the embodiment are not necessarily essential to the invention.

[0025]

An image data output apparatus described below is an apparatus placed at a shop such as a photo shop. This apparatus undertakes a media conversion by reading from memory cards image

data photographed by customers using a digital camera and the like and outputting the read image data to another medium other than a memory card. Another medium here includes, for example, a paper medium or a CD-R. Also, this apparatus records digital contents provided by the shop to a customer in the available memory of a memory card. The digital contents here include, for example, digital data such as sales information or advertisements and digital data such as image data or music data for sale. The sales information and advertisements are pieces of information for customers to receive in exchange for a discount of the rate for a media conversion. The image data and music data for sale are information for customers that are received when paying for the data. The user of the image data output apparatus may be a customer himself or herself who takes the media conversion service or a sales clerk of a photo shop.

[0026]

The first medium described in the claims of the present invention according to the present embodiments is, for example, a memory card. The second medium described in the claims of the present invention according to the present embodiments is, for example, a paper medium or a CD-R.

[0027]

The first embodiment of the present invention will be described in the following. The image data output apparatus according to the present embodiment records sales information or advertisements in a memory card. FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing the image data output apparatus according to the present embodiment. An image data output apparatus 10 includes a memory card drive 20, an output unit 32, a digital contents selector 40, a user interface 60, a digital contents storage unit 80, a selection condition storage unit 82, and a service rates storage unit 90. The memory card drive 20 exchanges digital data with a memory card 18. The output unit 32 outputs image data recorded in the memory card 18 to a different medium other than the memory card 18. The different medium may be, for example, a paper medium.

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34 or a CD-R 36.

[0028]

The digital contents selector 40 selects digital contents from the digital contents storage unit 80 based on predetermined selection conditions received by the selection condition storage unit 82. Users operate the image data output apparatus 10 through the user interface 60. The digital contents storage unit 80 stores a plurality of digital contents. The digital contents according to the present embodiment are sales information or advertisements.

[0029]

The memory card drive 20 includes a reader 22, a recorder 24, an accessory data reader 26, an available memory detector 28, and an eraser 30. The memory card 18 may be a semiconductor memory such as an EEPROM or a compact hard disk. Also, the memory card drive 20 has a slot, though not shown in FIG. 1, and the memory card 18 is inserted to the slot. The reader 22 reads out image data from the memory card 18. The recorder 24 records digital contents selected by the digital contents selector 40 to the memory card 18. The accessory data reader 26 reads photographic conditions, such as a camera type, as accessory data from the memory card 18. The available memory detector 28 detects the available memory of the memory card 18. The eraser 30 erases at least a part of the image data from the memory card 18.

[0030]

The user interface 60 includes a customer information input unit 62, an after-treatment condition input unit 64, a display 66, and an operation control 68. The customer information input unit 62 is an interface where users input information relating to customers (referred to as "customer information" hereinafter). The after-treatment condition input unit 64 is an interface for users to input after-treatment conditions. Here, the after-treatment conditions means conditions for deciding whether to erase at least a part of the image data from the memory

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card 18 after having read the image data from the memory card 18.

[0031]

The digital contents storage unit 80 may be a standalone database that cannot gain access from the outside or be a network database that can gain access from the outside.

[0032]

FIG. 2 is a block diagram showing the details of the digital contents selector 40 and the selection condition storage unit 82.

[0033]

The selection condition storage unit 82 stores selection conditions that are selected from a plurality of digital contents stored in the digital contents storage unit 80 digital contents that are stored in the memory card 18.

[0034]

The selection condition storage unit 82 includes a customer condition storage unit 84, a recording condition storage unit 86, and a data size storage unit 88. The customer condition storage unit 84 stores customer conditions for judging what kind of advertisements are to be received by customers. The recording condition storage unit 86 stores recording conditions for judging what kind of advertisements are to be received by customers according to the customers' environment for playing digital contents. The data size storage unit 88 stores data size conditions for judging which advertisements are to be selected according to the maximum recordable data size.

[0035]

The digital contents selector 40 includes a collator 42, a final selector 50, and a calculator 52. The collator 42 selects several digital contents from a plurality of digital contents stored in the digital contents storage unit 80. The collator 42 includes a customer condition collator 44, a recording condition collator 46, and a data size collator 48.

[0036]

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The customer condition collator 44 selects digital contents by collating customer information received by the customer information input unit 62 with the customer conditions stored in the customer condition storage unit 84. The recording condition collator 46 selects digital contents by collating accessory data read by the accessory data reader 26 with the recording conditions stored in the recording condition storage unit 46. When a camera type is read as accessory data, digital contents that can be played with the camera are selected according to the playing environment. The data size collator 48 selects digital contents by collating the available memory of the memory card 18 detected by the available memory detector 28 with the data size conditions of each of the contents stored in the data size storage unit 88.

The number of digital contents to be selected by the collator 42 may be single or plural.

[0037]

The display 66 may display digital contents selected by the collator 42 as choices. In such a case, users may select from digital contents displayed on the display 66 digital contents for actually recording in the memory card 18 by operating the operation control 68.

[0038]

The final selector 50 selects from digital contents that have been selected by the collator 42 digital contents for a final recording in the memory card 18 based on the predetermined conditions. The final selector 50 may select digital contents for recording in the memory card 18 based on the instructions made by the user using the operation control 68.

[0039]

The service rates storage unit 90 stores information of service rates which provides discount rates for converting media in exchange for digital contents, such as advertisements, according to the type or the quantity of the advertisements. Advertisers may pay for these discounts. The calculator 52

calculates discount rates for the media conversion by referring to the service rates storage unit 90.

[0040]

The specific examples of selection conditions stored in the selection condition storage unit 82 will be described using FIGS. 3 through 6 in the following.

[0041]

FIG. 3 illustrates an exemplary customer information input by a user using the customer information input unit 62. The customer information is, for example, sex, age, interests, and the like of customers. When a customer himself or herself inputs customer information by using the customer information input unit 62, the display 66 displays items and choices for the customer to select answers about the question items. When a sales clerk of a photo shop inputs customer information, the sales clerk inputs the sex and the estimated age of the customer who handed the memory card 18 by using the customer information input unit 62 since interests of the customer are not known.

[0042]

FIG. 4 is an exemplary database showing the customer conditions for each digital contents stored in the customer condition storage unit 84. The database includes an advertiser, a code number, and customer conditions for the advertisement to target, for example.

[0043]

The customer condition collator 44 selects digital contents by collating customer information input by the customer information input unit 62 with customer conditions stored in the customer condition storage unit 84. For example, the advertisement with the code number 0001 provided by A Co. provides the customer conditions as "none." Thus, this advertisement does not limit the target of customers. The advertisement with the code number 0002 provided by B Co. provides the customer conditions as "sex (F)." Thus, the target customer for this advertisement is limited to customers who input "female" in the

customer information. The advertisement with the code number 0003 provided by C Co. provides the customer conditions as "sex (F), age (20)." Thus, the target customer for this advertisement is limited to customers who input "female" for sex and "20s" for age in the customer information. In this way, advertisers may narrow down the target customers since customers who are likely to have interests in their advertisements may be previously set. A plurality of customer conditions may be designated. The service rates storage unit 90 may define the discount rates for converting media according to the number of customer conditions.

[0044]

FIG. 5 is an exemplary database showing the recording conditions for each camera type stored in the recording condition storage unit 86. The database includes the name of the camera manufacturer, the type, method of playing image data, and method of recording and playing, for example. The accessory data recorded in the memory card 18 with image data may contain information relating to the type of digital camera that photographed the image. The accessory data reader 26 reads from the accessory data information of the type of digital camera that photographed the image data.

[0045]

The recording conditions in FIG. 5 associates camera type with methods of playing digital contents. The recording condition collator 46 selects digital contents by collating the accessory data read by the accessory data reader 26 with the recording conditions stored in the recording condition storage unit 86. For example, the digital camera with a type made by X Co. can play still image or audio data. Thus, if it is found from the accessory data read from the accessory data reader 26 that the image data recorded in the memory card 18 is the image data photographed by this digital camera, digital contents that can play still image or audio data are selected.

[0046]

Also, the recording conditions associates camera type with methods of recording and playing of the digital camera. The method of recording and playing shows which data among a plurality of data a digital camera plays in advance. For example, data is played in the order of an earlier photographed date for the digital camera with  $\alpha$  type made by X Co. Thus, a photographed date earlier than the date of the other image data is written in the digital contents as accessory data in order for the digital contents stored in the memory card 18 to be played in advance. Data is played in the order of a later photographed date for the digital camera with  $\beta$  type made by Y Co. Thus, a photographed date later than the date of the other image data is written in the digital contents as accessory data in order for the digital contents stored in the memory card 18 to be played in advance. Data to be played in advance is selected according to the data arrangement in the memory card for the digital camera with  $\gamma$  type made by Z Co. Therefore, digital contents are recorded in the memory card in order to be played in advance. Thus, digital contents may be infallibly played when playing image data. The recording conditions are not shown in the FIGS., but recording formats of digital contents may be defined.

[0047]

FIG. 6 is a table showing the data size of which each of the digital contents can be recorded, which the data size storage unit 48 stores. The data size collator 48 selects digital contents having smaller data size than the available memory of the memory card detected by the available memory detector 28.

[0048]

The data size conditions associate data size with digital contents. For example, the digital contents with the code number 0001 are still images, and the data size is smaller than 50KB. Thus, if the memory card 18 has available memory of more than 50KB, these digital contents may be selected. The digital contents with the code number 0030 are audio data, and the data size is between 101KB and 500KB. Thus, if the memory card 18

has available memory of more than 500KB, these digital contents may be selected. The ranges of the data sizes shown here are examples, and more detailed groupings may be arranged.

[0049]

FIG. 7 is a table showing the result of the retrieved digital contents selected by the collator 42. Discount rates, or discount points, for converting media to be paid by customers are shown in the order of higher points being first, but the order of the list may be set to display in any order.

[0050]

If a customer himself or herself selects digital contents, this retrieved results may be displayed on the display 66. The customer may be able to select interesting advertisements by referring to the discount rates.

[0051]

FIG. 8 is a flowchart showing the process of converting media and recording advertisements of the image data output apparatus 10.

[0052]

If a user inserts the memory card 18 into a slot of the memory card drive 20, which is not shown in the FIGS., the reader 22 reads out image data recorded in the memory card 18, at step S10. The output unit 32 converts the medium into another medium different to the memory card 18, such as a paper medium 34 or a CD-R 36, and outputs the image data, at step S12. The user inputs the after-treatment conditions, which defines whether or not to erase the image data from the memory card 18, at step S14. If the user wants to erase the image data after the media conversion is completed, the eraser 30 erases the image data from the memory card 18, at step S16. If the user does not want to erase the image data, the available memory detector 28 detects whether there is enough available memory, at step S18. The recorder 24 records advertisements selected by the digital contents selector 40 in the memory card 18, if there is enough available memory in the memory card 18, at step S20. If there

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is not enough available memory in the memory card 18, the process of recording advertisements is skipped. After checking out, by calculating the discount rates discounted by writing advertisements and the charge for the media conversion, at step S50, the memory card 18 is returned to the customer, at step S52.

[0053]

FIG. 9 is a flowchart showing the details of the process for recording advertisements at step S20 shown in FIG. 8.

[0054]

A user inputs information relating to the customer using the customer information input unit 62, at step S22. The customer condition collator 44 collates the input customer information with customer conditions stored in the customer condition storage unit 84, at step S24. The accessory data reader 26 reads information such as the type of digital camera from the accessory data, at step S26. The recording condition collator 46 collates the read accessory data with the recording conditions stored in the recording conditions storage unit 86, at step S28. The available memory detector 28 detects the available memory of the memory card 18, at step S30. The data size collator 48 collates the detected available memory of the memory card 18 with the data size conditions of the advertisements stored in the data size storage unit 88, at step S32. The final selector 50 of the digital contents selector 40 selects from the advertisements narrowed down at steps S22-32 advertisements for recording in the memory card 18, at step S34.

[0055]

The recorder 24 records advertisements selected by the digital contents selector 40 in the memory card 18, at step S36. The calculator 52 calculates the discount rates based on the recording of the advertisements by referring to the service rates storage unit 90, at step S38.

[0056]

The second embodiment according to the present invention

will be described in the following. The digital contents according to the present embodiment are pay digital data such as image data or audio data for sale.

[0057]

An image data output apparatus according to the present embodiment is shown in the functional block diagram of FIGS. 1 and 2 as the image data output apparatus 10 according to the first embodiment. Thus, the structural elements having the same functions as each structural element of the image data output apparatus 10 according to the present embodiment are not described here. The service rates storage unit 90 according to the present embodiment defines sale prices of the digital contents.

[0058]

The selection conditions stored in the selection condition storage unit 82 are the same as the specific examples described in FIGS. 5 and 6 in the first embodiment. The collator 42 selects some of the digital contents from the digital contents storage unit 80 according to the accessory data read by the accessory data reader 26 and the available memory of the memory card 18 detected by the available memory detector 28.

[0059]

The result of the retrieved digital contents selected by the collator 42 is shown in FIG. 10. The display 66 displays this retrieved result. The customer selects digital contents that he or she wants to record in the memory card 18 by using the operation control 68 and purchases the selected digital contents.

[0060]

The process for recording pay digital data in the memory card 18 is described in the following. Since the process for converting media with the image data output apparatus 10 has the same process described in FIG. 8 according to the first embodiment, the description is omitted here.

[0061]

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FIG. 11 is a flowchart showing the detail process for recording pay digital data at step S20 shown in FIG. 8.  
[0062]

The accessory data reader 26 reads information such as the type of digital camera from the accessory data, at step S122. The recording condition collator 46 collates the read accessory data with the recording conditions stored in the recording condition storage unit 86, at step S124. The available memory detector 28 detects the available memory of the memory card 18, at step S126. The data size collator 48 collates the detected available memory of the memory card 18 with the data size conditions of the pay digital data stored in the data size storage unit 88, at step S128.

[0063]

The display 66 displays the pay digital data selected at steps S122-128, at step S130. The user purchases at least one of the pay digital data displayed on the display 66 and selects the pay digital data using the operation control 68, at step S132. The user decides whether or not to actually record the selected pay digital data in the memory card 18, at step S134. If the user decides to record the selected pay digital data, the recorder 24 records the pay digital data in the memory card 18, at step S138. The calculator 52 refers to the service rates storage unit 90 and calculates the sale price for the pay digital data purchased by the customer, at step S140.

[0064]

On the other hand, if the user does not decide to record the selected pay digital data, the user again inputs whether or not to select another pay digital data, at step S136. If the user selects another pay digital data, the process is returned to step S130. If the user does not select another pay digital data, the processes at steps S138 and 140 are skipped.

[0065]

Now, the third embodiment according to the present invention is described in the following. According to the

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present embodiment, customer information is not input by the image data output apparatus 10 but rather is input by a person using a digital camera.

[0066]

The image data output apparatus according to the present embodiment is shown in functional block diagrams shown in FIGS. 1 and 2 as the image data output apparatus according to the first and second embodiments. Thus, the description of the structural elements having the same functions with each structural element of the image data output apparatus 10 according to the first and second embodiments are not described here.

[0067]

FIG. 12 illustrates an exemplary digital camera according to the present embodiment. The digital camera 110 records image data in the memory card 18. The digital camera 110 includes: data input units 114, 116, and 118, and a recorder that is not shown in FIG. 12. The user of the digital camera 110 operates the data input units 114, 116, and 118 and inputs information to be referred when the image data output apparatus 10 selects digital contents to be recorded in the memory card 18. The recorder records the information along with the image data in the memory card 18. This information may be recorded as accessory data in the memory card.

[0068]

The information recorded in the memory card 18 includes information such as after-treatment condition and writing prohibition. The customer information is, as shown in FIG. 3 in the first embodiment, sex and age of the customer, for example. The customer information may include the name, address, and telephone number of customers. The after-treatment condition is the condition for deciding whether or not to erase at least a part of the image data from the memory card 18. The writing prohibition information is information to prohibit recording digital contents in the memory card 18.

The digital camera 110 may include a camera display 112

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for displaying customer information as shown in FIG. 3 in the first embodiment.

[0069]

The image data output apparatus 10 reads the accessory data from the accessory data reader 26. If customer information is included in the accessory data, the display 66 does not display the overlapping items.

[0070]

FIG. 13 is a flowchart showing the process for recording digital contents of the image data output apparatus 10 according to the present embodiment.

[0071]

If a user inserts the memory card 18 into a slot of the memory card drive, which is not shown in the FIGS., the reader 22 reads out image data recorded in the memory card 18, at step S210. The output unit 32 converts the read image data into medium other than the memory card 18, such as a paper medium 34 or a CD-R 36 and outputs the converted image data, at step S212. The accessory data reader 26 reads recording prohibition information from the memory card 18, at step S214. If the recording is not prohibited, the accessory data reader 26 reads from the memory card 18 after-treatment conditions, which determines whether or not to erase image data from the memory card 18, at step S216. If the image data is to be erased after converting to another medium, the eraser 30 erases the image data from the memory card 18, at step S218. If the image data is not to be erased, the available memory detector 28 detects whether there is enough available memory in the memory card 18, at step S220. If there is available memory in the memory card 18, the recorder 24 records digital contents selected by the digital contents selector 40 in the memory card 18, at step S222. If there is not enough available memory in the memory card 18, the process for recording digital contents at step S222 is skipped. After checking out by calculating discounts or purchased price for converting to another medium and writing digital contents, at step S250, the

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memory card 18 is returned to the customer, at step S252. If the recording to the memory card 18 is prohibited at step S214, the steps S216-222 are skipped and the calculation is conducted to charge for the media conversion, at step S250.

[0072]

The process for recording digital contents at step S222 is the same as the process shown in FIGS. 9 and 11. According to the present embodiment, customer information is read from the accessory data recorded in the memory card 18.

[0073]

FIG. 14 is an interface for customers of the image data output apparatus 10 to operate. This image data output apparatus 10 undertakes a media conversion to print image data recorded in the memory card 18 into a paper medium 34. The number 21 is a slot for inserting the memory card 18, 66 is a display, and 68 are operation controls.

[0074]

In FIG. 14, the display field "1. Print menu" is for conducting a media conversion. Users designate the number and the size of prints for an image data number with this menu. Users may input customer information such as an address and a telephone number. The display field "2. Information" is for selecting sales information and advertisements. And the display field "3. Pay guidance" is for selecting information on the latest photo collections and the latest hit music, for example. The fields may have any other titles or subjects.

[0075]

FIG. 15 illustrates an exemplary digital camera that can play digital contents recorded by using the image data output apparatus 10.

[0076]

This digital camera 120 includes a camera display 122 for displaying some of the digital contents as choices, and camera operation controls 124, 126, and 128 for selecting desired digital contents from digital contents.

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[0077]

The image data output apparatus 10 displays digital contents as choices on the camera display 122 of the digital camera 120 as well as recording digital contents in forms that the camera operation controls 124-128 can select.

[0078]

The image data output apparatus 10 may, for example, make an image data directory for storing image data photographed by a digital camera and another directory different than the image data directory in the memory card 18. The digital contents selected to be recorded in the memory card 18 may be recorded in another directory.

[0079]

The camera operation control 124 of the digital camera 120 is a menu button. Users select either the image data directory or another directory by using this button. The camera operation controls 126 are selection buttons. Users select desired images and the like from the choices displayed on the camera display 122. The camera operation control 128 is a decision button. Users decide to display the selected image on the entire screen of the camera display 122 by using this button.

[0080]

If the image data output apparatus 10 selects a plurality of digital contents, the camera display 122 displays a list of digital contents in thumbnails. If users select digital contents by using the select button 126, sales information and advertisements are displayed on the entire screen of the display 122 as shown in FIG. 16(a).

[0081]

If the digital contents are photo collections, all of the images of the photos are displayed in thumbnails, for example. Then, if the user selects one of the images, the enlarged selected image is displayed as shown in FIG. 16(b).

[0082]

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If the digital contents are music such as hit songs, the titles of music and the pictures of album jackets are displayed in thumbnails. If the user selects a picture, the music is played.

[0083]

Although the present invention has been described by way of exemplary embodiments, it should be understood that those skilled in the art might make many changes and substitutions without departing from the spirit and the scope of the present invention, which is defined only by the appended claims.

[0084]

**[The Effect of the Invention]**

As is obvious from the description above, digital contents such as sales information and advertisements may be received by customers in a variety of forms, according to the present invention.

**[BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS]**

[Fig. 1]

FIG. 1 is a functional block diagram showing an apparatus for outputting image data according to the first and second embodiments.

[Fig. 2]

FIG. 2 is a functional block diagram showing the details of a digital contents selector 40 and a selection conditions storage unit 82.

[Fig. 3]

FIG. 3 is a table showing the customer information input by users using a customer information input unit 62.

[Fig. 4]

FIG. 4 is a table showing the customer conditions for each digital contents stored in a customer condition storage unit 84.

[Fig. 5]

FIG. 5 is a table showing the recording conditions for each camera type stored in a recording conditions storage unit

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86.

[Fig. 6]

FIG. 6 is a table showing the recordable data size of digital contents stored in a data size storage unit 88.

[Fig. 7]

FIG. 7 is a table showing the results of retrieved digital contents selected by a collator 42.

[Fig. 8]

FIG. 8 is a flowchart showing the process of converting media and recording digital contents of an image data output apparatus 10.

[Fig. 9]

FIG. 9 is a flowchart showing the detailed advertisement recording process at step S20 shown in FIG. 8.

[Fig. 10]

FIG. 10 is a table showing the results of the retrieved digital contents selected by a collator 42.

[Fig. 11]

FIG. 11 is a flowchart showing the detailed pay digital data recording process at step S20 shown in FIG. 8.

[Fig. 12]

FIG. 12 is a back view of a digital camera having a camera input unit for inputting selection conditions to select digital contents.

[Fig. 13]

FIG. 13 is a flowchart showing the media conversion of an image data output apparatus 10 and the process of recording digital contents.

[Fig. 14]

FIG. 14 is a schematic view showing an interface where customers of an image data output apparatus 10 operate.

[Fig. 15]

FIG. 15 is a back view of a digital camera showing the display playing digital contents recorded by an image data output apparatus 10.

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[Fig. 16]

FIG. 16 is a display showing exemplary digital contents displayed on a camera display 112 of a digital camera shown in FIG. 13.

[Reference Numerals]

- 10 image data output apparatus
- 18 memory card
- 20 memory card drive
- 21 slot
- 22 reader
- 24 recorder
- 26 accessory data reader
- 28 available memory detector
- 30 eraser
- 32 output unit
- 40 digital contents selector
- 42 collator
- 44 customer condition collator
- 46 recording condition collator
- 48 data size collator
- 50 final selector
- 52 calculator
- 60 user interface
- 62 customer information input unit
- 64 after-treatment condition input unit
- 66 display
- 68 operation control
- 80 digital contents storage unit
- 82 selection condition storage unit
- 90 service rates storage unit
- 110 digital camera
- 112 camera display
- 114, 116, 118 data input units
- 120 digital camera
- 122 camera display

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124, 126, 128 camera operation controls

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[DOCUMENT] **ABSTRACT**

[ABSTRACT]

[OBJECT] The apparatus of the invention effectively uses available memory of a memory card.

[MEANS FOR ACHIEVING THE OBJECT] An image data output apparatus 10 includes: a reader 22 for reading out image data recorded in a memory card 18 of a customer; an output unit 32 for outputting the image data to a medium different from the memory card 18; a digital contents storage unit 80 for storing digital contents to be provided to the customer; a selector 40 for selecting the digital contents to be provided to the customer from the digital contents storage unit based on a predetermined selection condition; and a recorder 24 for recording the selected digital contents in the memory card.

[SELECTED FIGURE] Fig. 1

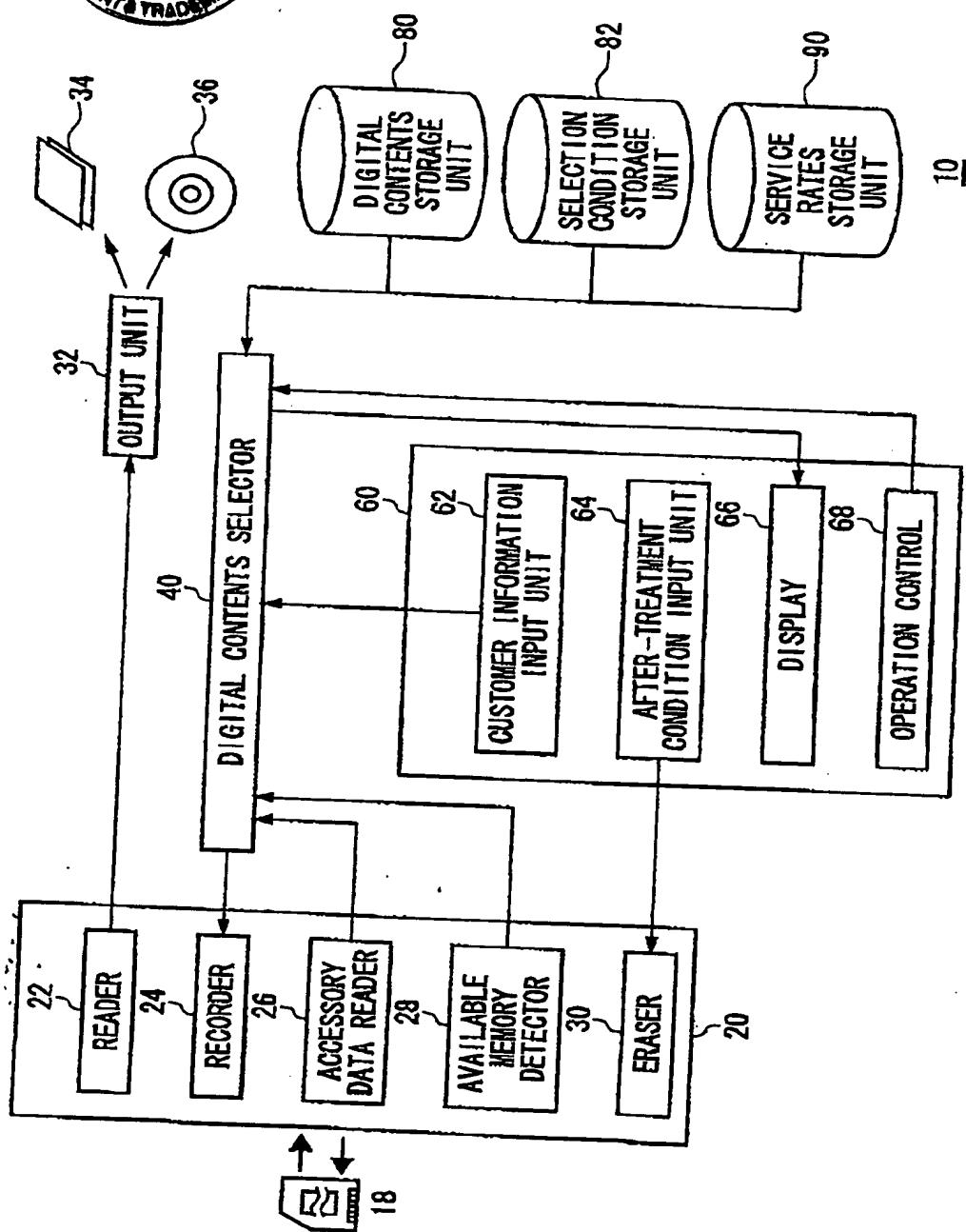


FIG. 1

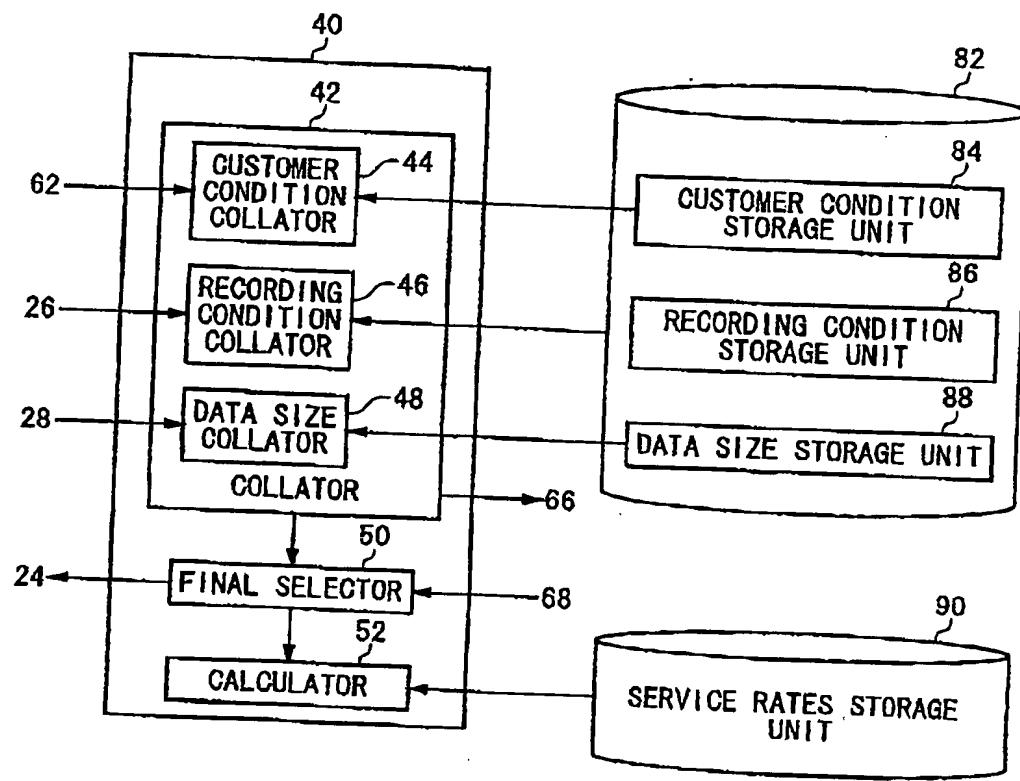


FIG. 2

62

ITEM	CHOICES			
	MALE	FEMALE		
SEX				
AGE	~19	20s	30s	...
INTERESTS	SPORTS	TRAVEL	MUSIC	...
:	:	:	:	
:	:	:	:	
:	:	:	:	

FIG. 3

84

ADVERTISER	CODE NO.	CUSTOMER CONDITIONS	EXPIRY DATE FOR ADVERTISEMENT
A co.	0001	—	JAN. 10, 2001
B co.	0002	SEX (F)	NOV. 25, 2000
C co.	0003	SEX (F) AGE (20)	AUG. 8, 2002
:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:

FIG. 4

86

MANUFACTURER	TYPE	PLAYABLE METHOD	RECORD AND PLAY METHOD
X co.	$\alpha$	STILL/AUDIO	PHOTOGRAPHED ORDER (EARLY)
Y co.	$\beta$	STILL/ANIMATION/AUDIO	PHOTOGRAPHED ORDER (LATE)
Z co.	$\gamma$	STILL	DATA ARRANGEMENT
:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:

FIG. 5

88

DATA SIZE	DIGITAL CONTENTS		
~50KB	0001(STILL)	0002(STILL)	...
51~100KB	0012(STILL)	0021(STILL)	...
101~500KB	0030(AUDIO)	0031(STILL)	...
501~1000KB	0025(AUDIO)	0028(ANIMATION)	...
:	:	:	:

FIG. 6

42

NO.	COMPONY	CODE No.	DISCOUNT POINTS	CAPACITY(KB)
1	D	0010	50	50
2	E	0020	40	20
3	B	0002	30	30
4	A	0001	20	10
5	C	0005	15	10
:	:	:	:	:

FIG. 7

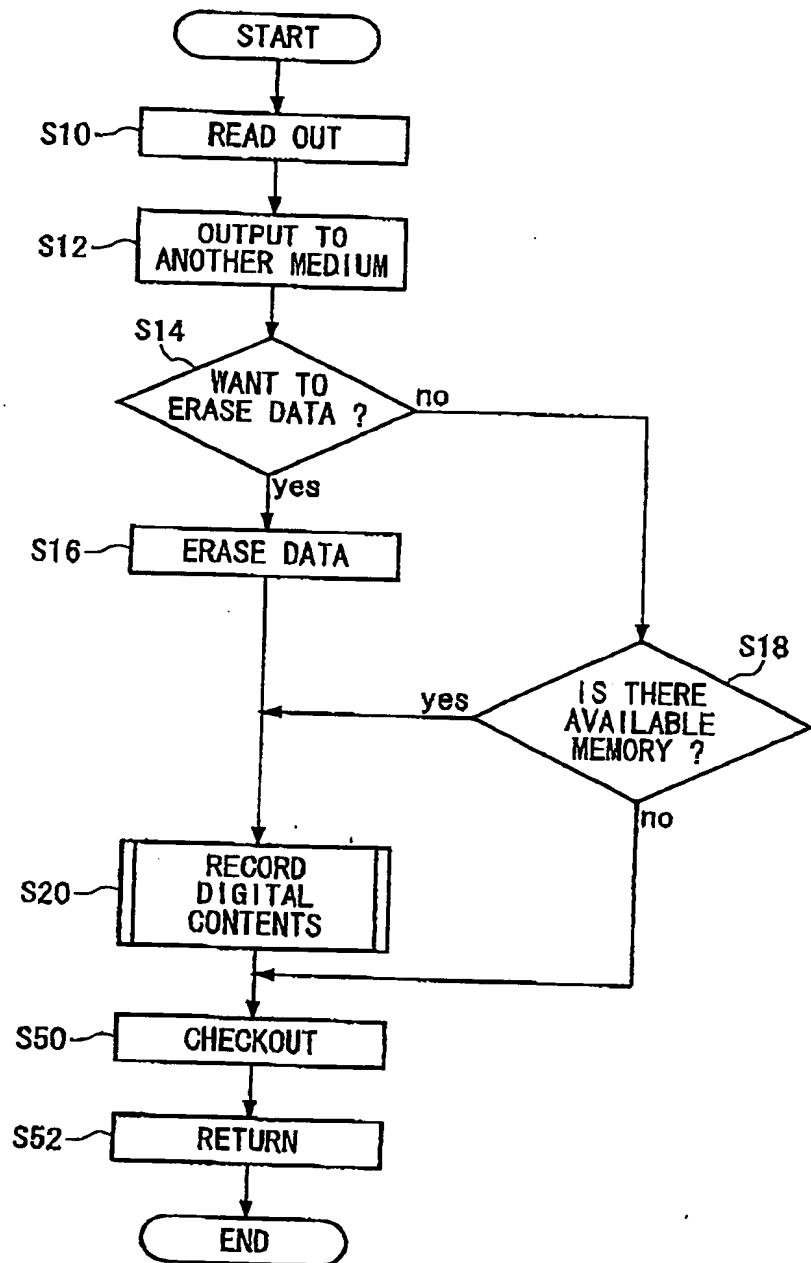


FIG. 8

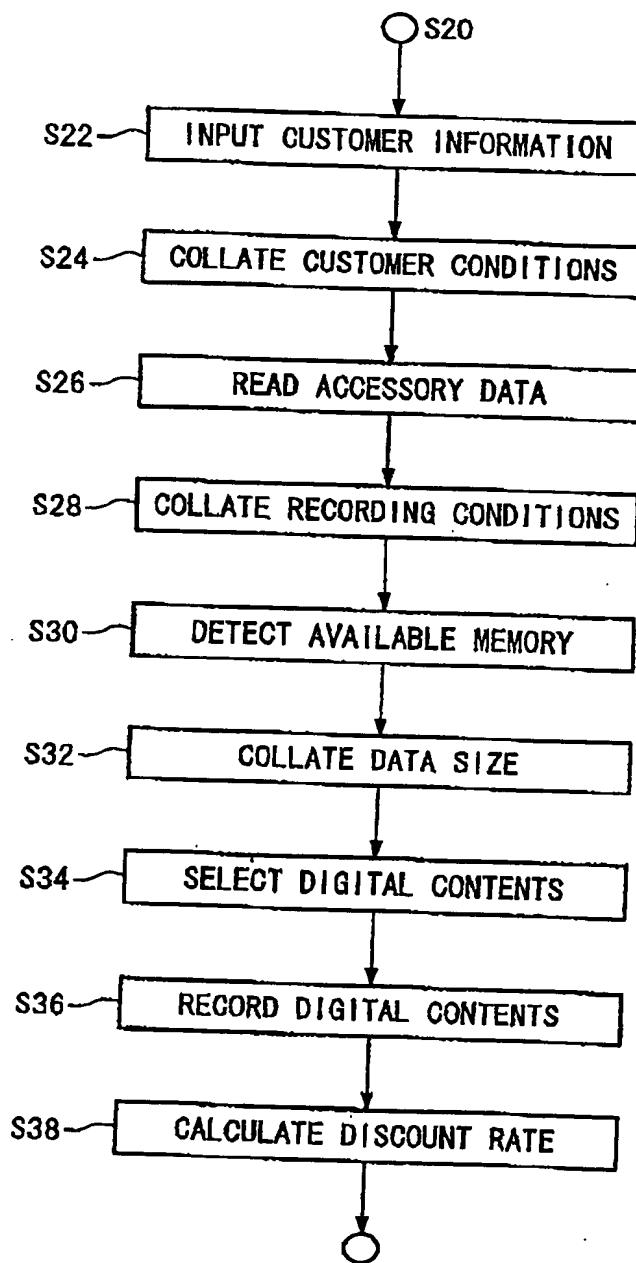


FIG. 9

42

NO.	TITLE	RATE	CAPACITY (KB)
1	PHOTO COLLECTION 「CUTE!」	\$20.00	2,500
2	PHOTO COLLECTION 「...」	\$25.00	1,500
3	PHOTO COLLECTION 「×××」	\$15.00	500
4	SINGLE 「△△△」	\$ 3.00	200
5	ALBUM 「○○○」	\$30.00	2,000

FIG. 10

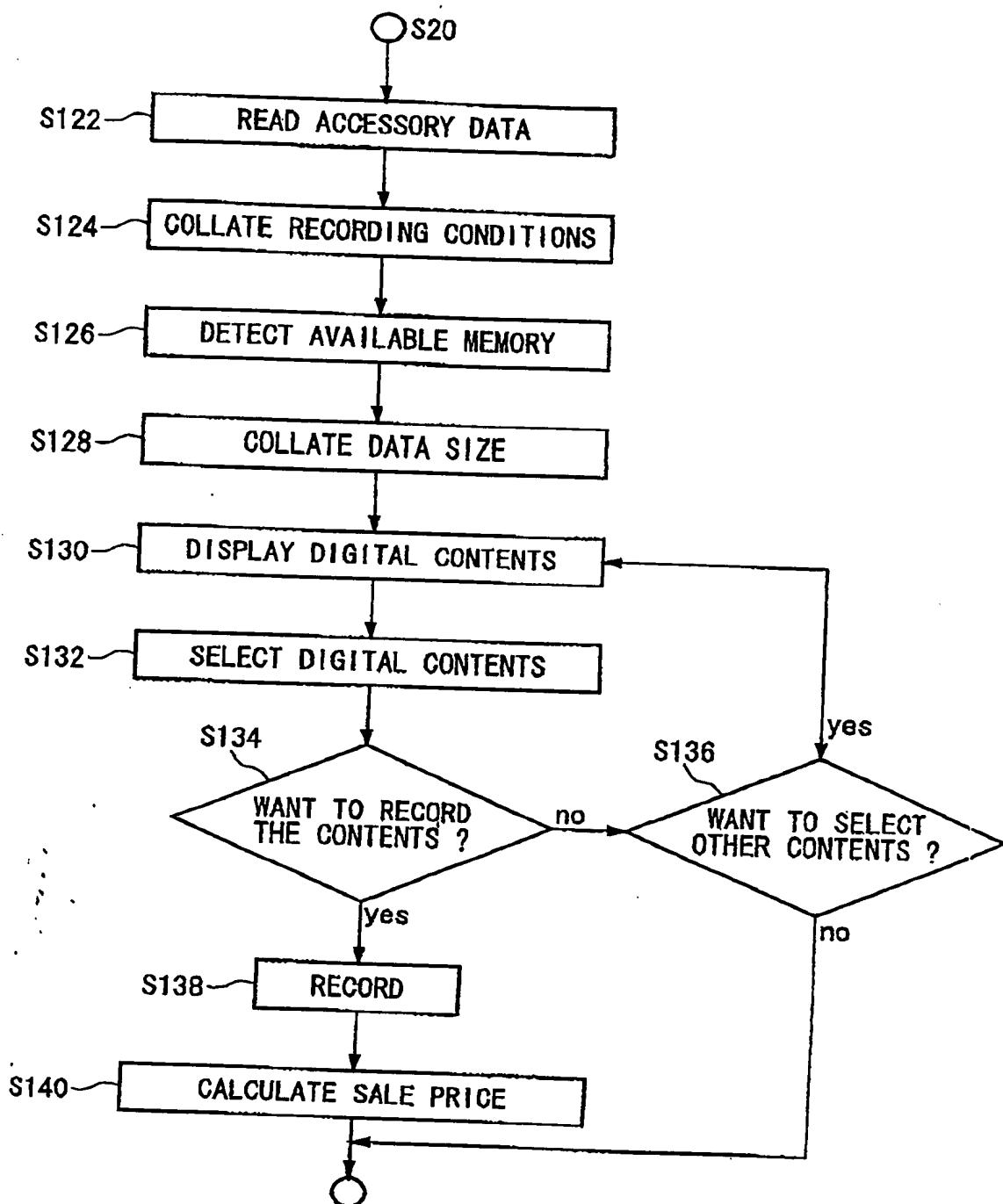
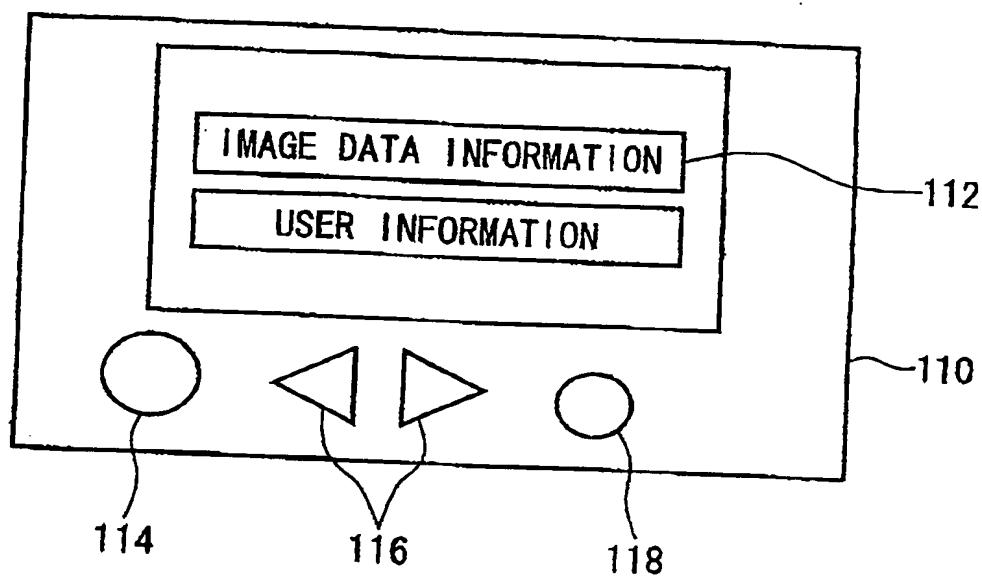


FIG. 11



*FIG. 12*

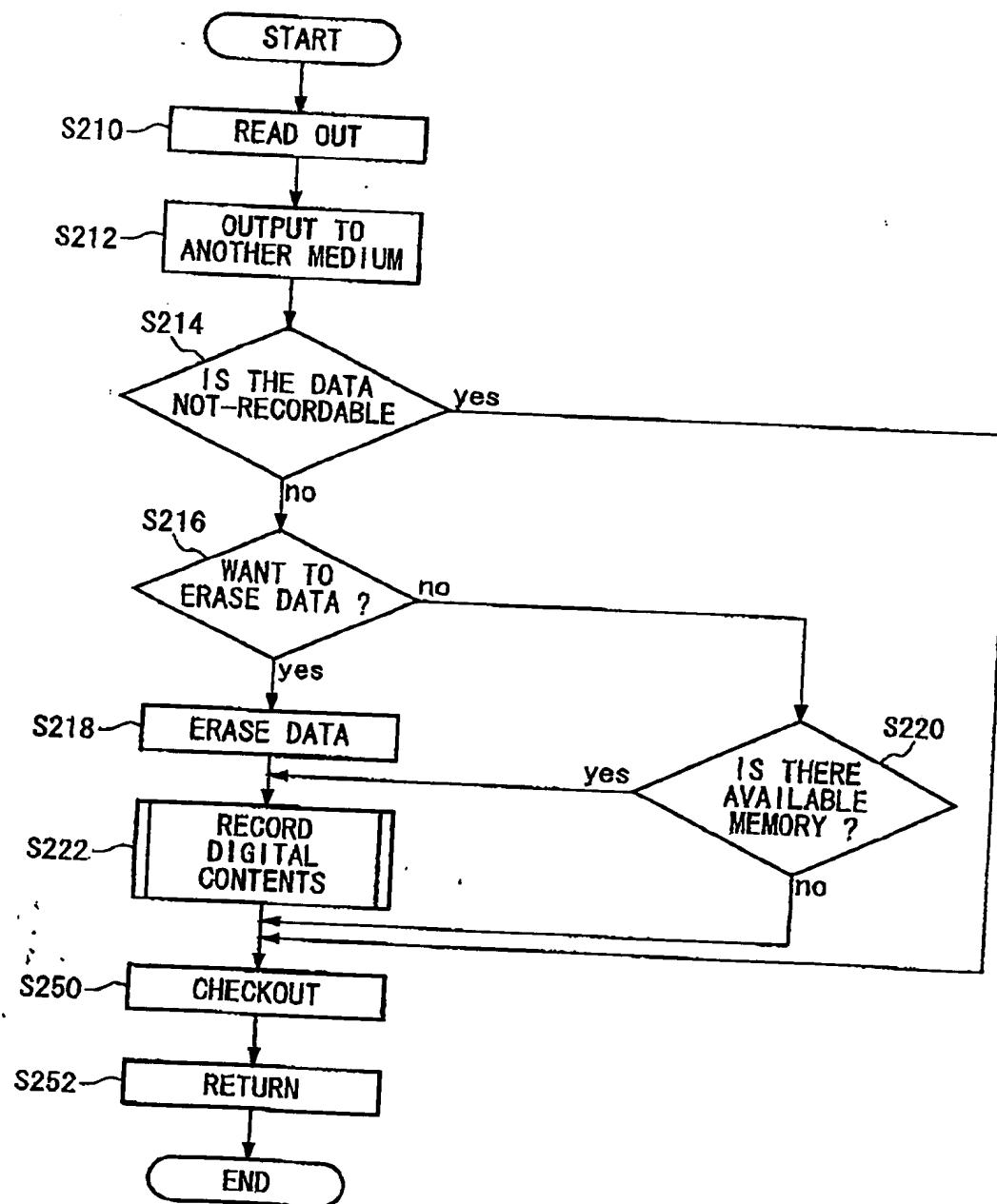
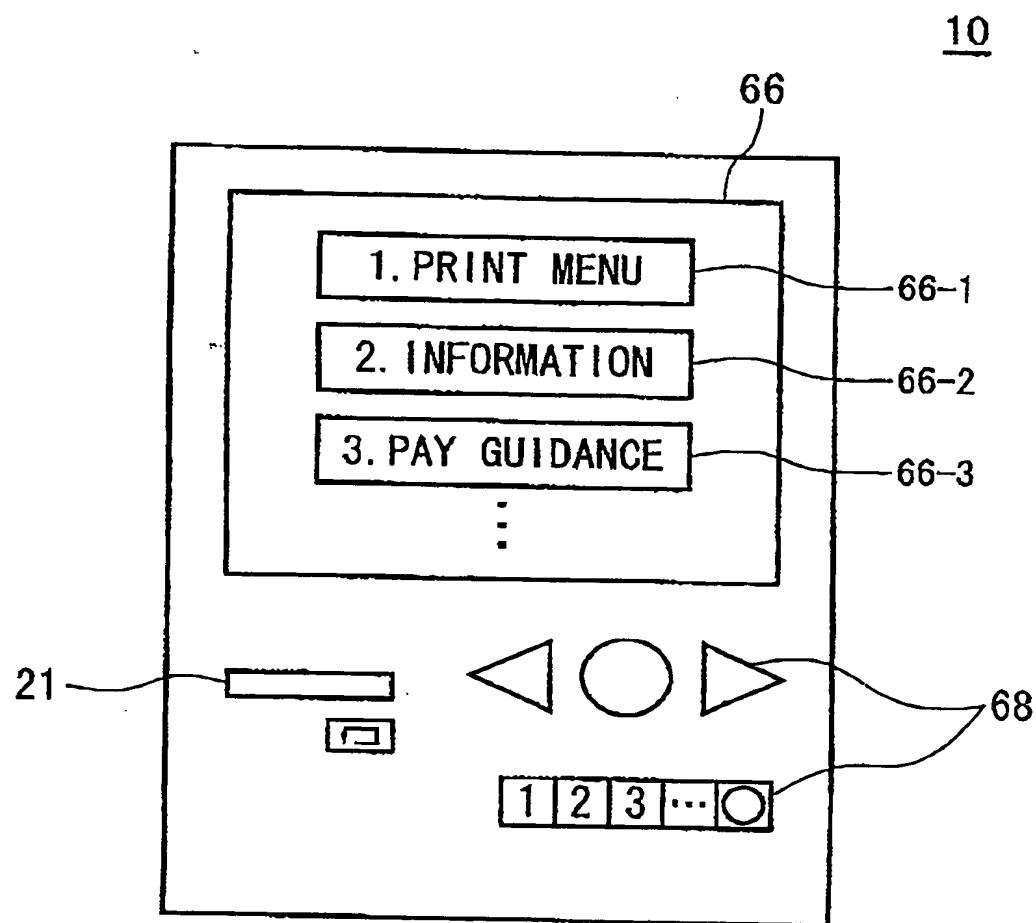


FIG. 13



*FIG. 14*

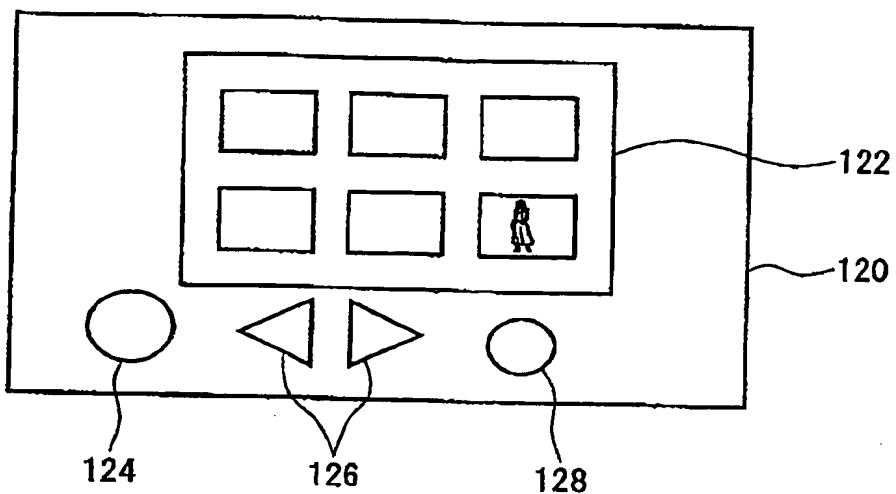


FIG. 15

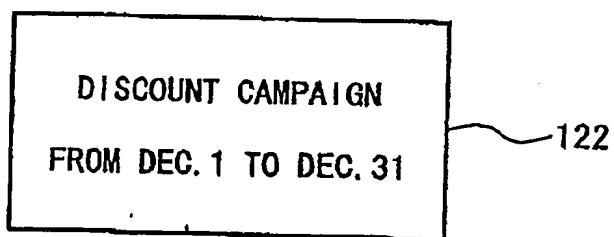


FIG. 16A



FIG. 16B